

Judogi

Reglementation





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Guidance for IJF Approved Judogi

1. IJF Official Judogi

International Judo Federation has established a system of technical approval for Judogi and belt which must be used during IJF official events.

Judogi must have Tag with its Official Label with an optical code provided by IJF which cannot be falsified.

One IJF Official Stick on Jacket, one on Trousers and one on Belt.

All Judogi and belts for IJF official events must conform to these requirements before 1 January 2011 and must be obligatory with the official Tag of the IJF or else it won't be allowed in competition.

Example of the official stick for Judo-gi and belt: (Fig. 1)



- 1a) Only companies who have signed "IJF official supplier agreement" can obtain the Tag with its Official Label. To become an IJF official supplier, a company must contact IJF Treasury office for the registration procedure.
- 1b) If a company approved as an official supplier needs to obtain the Official Label provided by IJF, the manufacturer of the company must produce Judogi and belt in accordance with the rules. Then, the following must be sent to one of the official IJF testing laboratories for inspection and approval:
 - One white Judogi (jacket and trousers), size 180
 - One blue Judogi (jacket and trousers), size 180
 - Two samples of the jacket's fabric, part above the belt (grain stitches):
 - o Color: white and blue
 - Dimensions: length 1,5m, width width of the roll of the fabric
 - Two black belts (Length of the belt to be sent should be between 2,5m and 3m)
- 1c) If an approved Judogi and belt with the Official Logo Label used by a contestant during IJF event is found to be a nonconforming product, it will be reported to IJF. If the official supplier who provided the nonconforming product will be recognized as inaccurate, he shall receive penalty eventually leading to exclusion of the title of official supplier by the IJF Bureau. If a competitor or his team is recognized as inaccurate, they will receive penalty.



2. Guideline for Judogi Manufacturers

Since Judo is a sport of combat opposing two athletes, Judogi must not be a tool used against the opponent.

2a) Fabric material

- 2a(1) The fabric for Judogi must not be too thick, too rigid and too slippery for the opponent to take a grip.
- 2a(2) The fabric of Judogi must be cotton or cotton blend with more than 70% Cotton, and must have good hand-feeling. Blending components other than cotton (less than 30%) can be chemical fibers, such as Rayon, Nylon, Polyester, etc.
- **Note**: The use of chemical fiber will increase the strength and reduce the weight of the fabric. On the other hand, too much use of chemical fibers makes the fabric less sweat-absorbing.
- 2a(3) The fabric must have an appropriate solidity. Therefore, weaker fabric must not be used intentionally.
- 2a(4) The fabric weight (after new and unused jacket is washed and dried) must be between 700g/mand 1000g (1 kg)/m
- 2a(5) Judogi white must have the color of cotton, that is, natural white or off-white.
- 2a(6) The official standard color for Judogi blue must be between Pantone number n°18-4051TCX(TPX) and n°18-4039TCX(TPX) on the textile Pantone scale and between n°285M and n° 286M on the print Pantone scale.

2b) Fabric weave system

- 2b(1) The jacket of Judogi is composed of two parts, upper jacket part (approximately above the belt position) and lower jacket part (approximately below the belt position). Upper jacket part must be Sashiko-weave fabric. (Sashiko is like grain stitches.)
 - The lower jacket part must be light-weight and strong plain-weave or twill-weave fabric, which is combined with diamond patterned Sashiko weave. (See the pictures below and Fig. 13, part A)
- **Note 1**: Lower jacket (lower side) part needs lightness rather than strength, therefore, diamond -patterned fabric is generally used. (More yarns, heavier is the weight.)
- **Note 2**: Fabric face must be on the right face of Judogi, and reverse use is not allowed.



Fig. 2

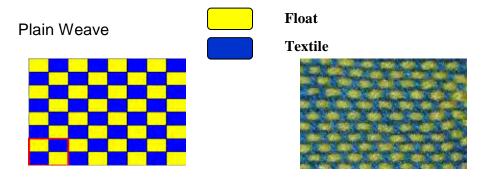
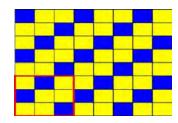
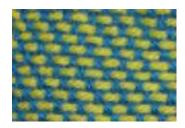


Fig. 3

Twill Weave





The red square is just showing the repetitive weave system.

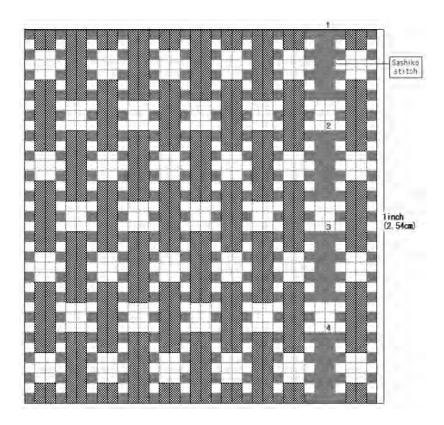
2b(2) Sashiko yarn direction must be horizontal when Judogi is placed vertically (when in use).

Note: Horizontal Sashiko yarns increase the fabric strength against horizontal tensile force. When the direction is vertical, the fabric becomes slippery causing difficulty of handgrip.

- 2b(3) Upper jacket part must be double-woven Sashiko fabric having enough strength.
- 2b(4) Number of float of Sashiko yarn must be 4 to 5 per inch after washed and dried.



Fig.4



Note: If fabric has not enough Sashiko yarns, it becomes softer and easy to be stretched causing difficulty for applying technics (Waza). On the other hand, if fabric has excess of Sashiko yarns, it becomes harder causing difficulty of handgrip.

2b(5) In order not to produce too thick/rigid, or too thin/soft fabric for upper jacket part, fabric standard is set to specify weaving density as in the following table. New and unused product after washed and dried must be within the range bellow:

Sashiko yarn and basic fabric weave (inch = 2,54 cm)
Yarns per inch (2.54 cm) for warp and weft (after washed and dried)

Sashiko yarn (warp)		Ground warp yarn		Welt yarn	
Note: ±5 % tolerated		Note: ±5 % tolerated		Note: ±5 % tolerated	
Yarn count	Per inch	Yarn count	Per inch	Yarn count	Per inch
10 – 5 ply	20 to 25	10 – one ply	80 to 96	16 – 3 ply	70 to 84
20 – 12 ply	20 to 25	30 – 2 ply	72 to 88	20 – 3 ply	73 to 88
10 – 6 ply	20 to 25	10 – 2 ply	40 to 48	10-2 ply	66 to 80
20 – 10 ply	20 to 25	20 – 2 ply	80 to 96		



Fig.5



How to check the number of warps and wefts:

- Prepare a loupe for textile use by which yarns in 1 square inch can be observed. (left picture)
- 2. Count the number of warps per inch for the surface fabric.
- 3. Count the wefts after removing warp yarns and Sashiko yarns from the fabric.

2b(6) The fabric for trousers and jacket collar must be twill weave.

2c) Sewing specifications

2c(1) Jacket

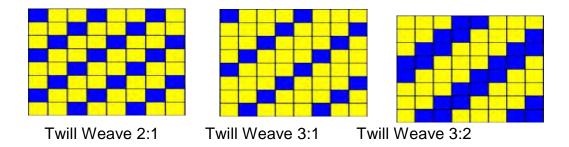
- Sashiko covering dimension must be in the range of 50 55% of the finished whole jacket length. Judogi for over 190 cm height, the range can be 45 55%.
- Sashiko part must not have sewing stitches other than at back joint, both side body, and both sleeves, except upper-lower joint. (See Fig.14, part D)
- Width of collar must be between 4 and 5 cm (Fig.13, part B). Collar must be sewn with 5-row straight stitch (or 4-row zigzag stitch equally spaced).
- The color of inside-collar fabric must not be seen from outside. The collar thickness must be up to 1 cm except the part including sewn seam in case that sewn seam is placed in the jacket back and extended to the collar.
- Collar assembly which sandwiches body Sashiko fabric and chest pad fabric must be in accordance with the following A, B, C and D.

2c(1)a Outer part of collar (essential part)

Twill weave cotton or cotton blend with more than 70% cotton fabric must be used (chosen from the three types):



Fig.6

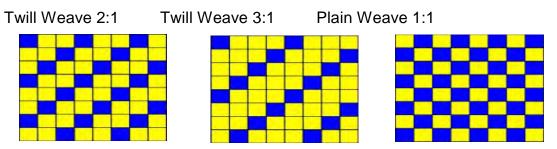


Yarn must be thinner than yarn count 10s. (2-ply yarn having equal resulting count can be used to increase strength.)

2c(1)b Reinforcement fabric for the collar (if used)

In the case of using reinforcement fabric for collar, cotton fabric with plain or twill weave.

Fig.7



Yarn must be thinner than yarn count 10s.

2c(1)c Main core material (essential part)

Main core material for collar must be one of the 4 materials, throstle spun yarn fabric (Garabo), non-woven fabric, felt, or diamond -patterned fabric.

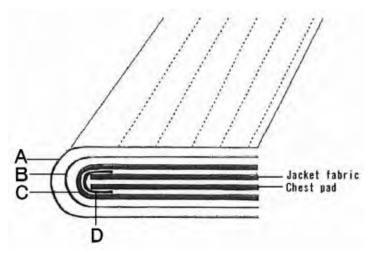
2c(1)d Sub core material (if used)

In the case of using sub core material, use a material as specified in above C.

Note: The purpose of specification above is to prevent collar from becoming too hard to grip by setting the upper limit on the collar thickness.



Fig. 8: Cross-section of Collar (Example)

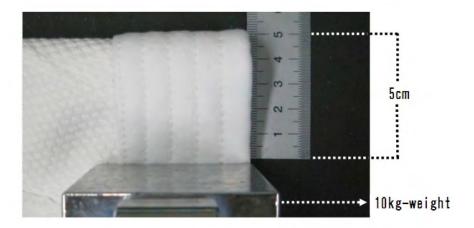


How to check the hardness of the collar (after washed and dried)

Fold the collar, at the chest pad inserted part, into two and place 10 kg-weight on 5cm point from the folding axis.

Note: At this time, do not touch around the folding axis to avoid any pressing force.

Fig. 9



The height (width) of collar folded into two must be within 4cm.

Fig.10A Allowed

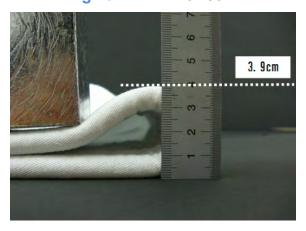
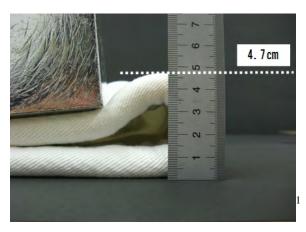


Fig.10B Not Allowed





Collar must be easily folded vertically (See the following pictures)





Fig.11A Allowed

Fig.11B Not allowed

- A cuff on a sleeve (turn-back of sleeve edge) must be within 3 cm wide except raised part.(Fig. 13, part C)
- Lower side of both sleeves must be sewn by rolled seam. (Fig. 13, part G)
- Reinforcement tape for jacket sleeve edge, trouser leg edge, and seaming part
 of upper and lower panel of jacket and some other parts must be thin cotton
 plain or twill weave, within 3cm wide, and use up to 3-row stitching.
- In the case of back-center seaming, the seam width must be within 3 cm. (Fig. 14, part B). Any reinforcement fabric can not be used for the back seaming.
- · Overlock stitch for fabric raw edge is allowed to prevent fray.
- Use of reinforcement pad on the back side is allowed for 3 places: shoulder, chest and armpit (only one fabric for each place).



2c(1)d(1) Shoulder pad:

Up to 5-row machine-stitching must be used. The vertical length of the pad must be within about 1/3 of total back body length. The pad material must be the same Sashiko fabric as jacket fabric. (Fig. 14, part C)

2c(1)d(2) Chest pad:

Chest pad must be half oval-shaped and be attached from the base of the shoulder pad along the collar using up to 5-row stitch.

The width of the chest pad must be approximately 1/4 of the jacket back-body width. (Measurement based on back-hip joint width).

Excessively wide pad is not allowed. (Fig.13, part D) Pad material must be the same fabric as jacket fabric. Overlapping of shoulder pad and chest pad must be within 5cm.

2c(1)d(3) Armpit pad:

Armpit pad must be oval-shaped and be attached using 5-row to 8-row stitch. Pad material must be the same fabric as jacket fabric, plain weave, or twill weave. (Fig. 13, part E)

Both side slit-ends are to be sewn with covering fabric. The length of side slit must be 1/2 to 2/3 of the lower jacket part length (Fig. 13, part F). A reinforcement fabric for above slit-ends is allowed within the size of 100 cm².

Note: Both side slits of jacket make Judo movement easier. (Only one slit in the center-back is not allowed.)

If slit is longer than 2/3 of the lower jacket part length, it will cause dishevelment.



The lowest part of the jacket must be 2/3 above from hip bone to above knee cap.

Fig.12

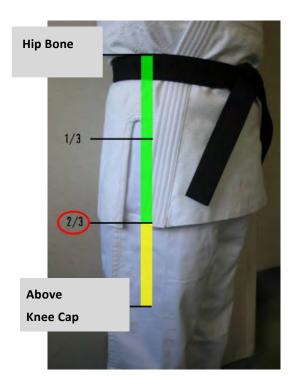


Fig. 13 (Front body of Judogi jacket)

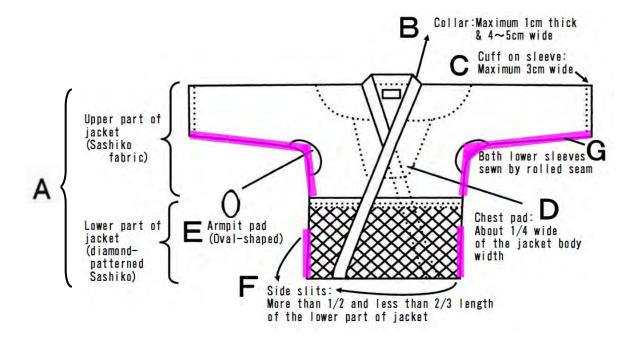
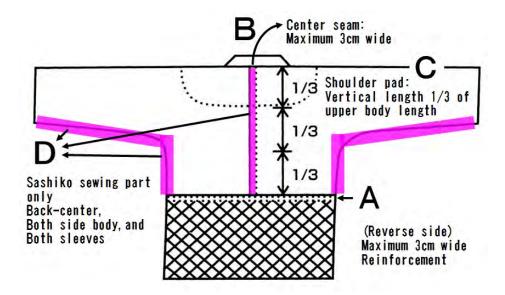




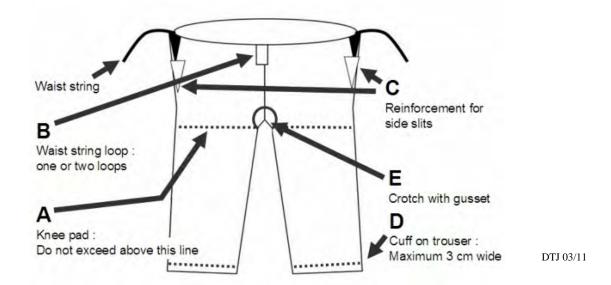
Fig. 14 (Back body of Judogi jacket)



2c(2) Trouser

- Knee pad on the fabric back must use only one layer of the same fabric as the trouser. Knee pad must be placed lower than crotch part. (Fig. 15, part A)
- The waist string must certainly be equipped. The material must be the same fabric as the trouser. Elastic material such as rubber, etc is not allowed for string. Number of string loop must be one or two. (Fig. 15, part B)
- Reinforcement lining fabric for each side slit (waist part) is allowed to be used with the same fabric as trouser. (Fig. 15, part C)
- A cuff on a trouser (turn-back of the leg edge) must be within 3 cm wide except raised part (except protuberances). Thin tape fabric within 3cm wide is allowed to be used for covering. (Fig. 15, part D)
- Gusset must be stitched onto the crotch part. (Fig. 15, part E)
- Overlock stitch for fabric raw edge is allowed to prevent fray.

Fig. 15 (Trouser)

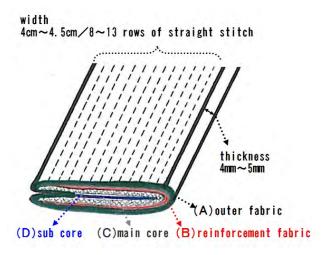




2c(3) Belt

- The belt of Judogi must use 100 % cotton fabric (A), The manufacturers must not produce such a belt as to be easily knot-loosen or broken, which can cause disturbance of the match.
- Main core material must be non-woven fabric. (must not be elastic materials such as rubber.)
- Reinforcement fabric (B) must be as specified in Fig. 16 using plain or twill weave with cotton yarn count 20/1 or lower. Sub core (D) is allowed to use as shown in Fig.16. Sub core material (center of the belt cross-section) must be the same as reinforcement fabric (B).
- · The belt must be 4 to 4.5 cm wide
- The belt must be sewn using at least 8-row but no more than 13-row of straight stitch.
- The thickness of the belt must be between 4 mm and 5 mm.

Fig.16



(D) Use of sub core is optional.

Fig. 17



Example of suitable belt construction



Fig. 18

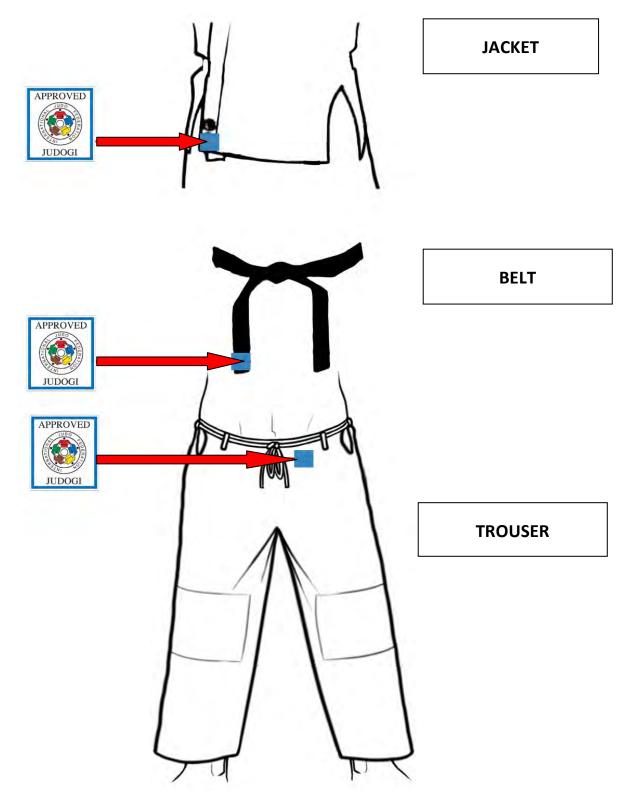


As shown in the above photo, belt should have the flexibility (softness). When pushing belt by hand from the both ends toward knot, the belt knot must not be loosening. Belt using too hard or slippery materials, which is easy to have knot loosening, is not allowed.

*For further information of the back identification, any marking or advertisement on Judogi, and sizes to be measured for Judogi control, please refer to IJF Refereeing rule and IJF SOR.

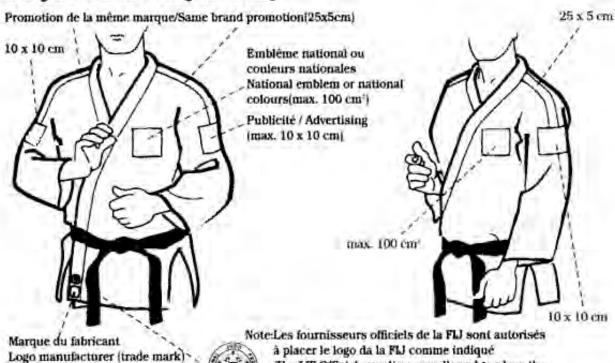


POSITIONNING OF THE TAG



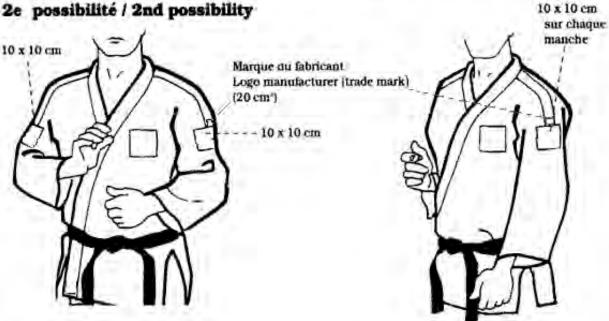


1er possibilité / 1st possibility



2e possibilité / 2nd possibility

(20 cm)



LJF logo as indicated

Il est admis de placer le logo du fournisseur sur une des manches mais à l'interieur de l'aire 25 x 5 cm au lieu du bas sur le devant de la veste.

It is admitted to place the logo manufacturer on one of the sleeves but inside the 25 x 5 cm area instead of at the bottom front of the jacket.

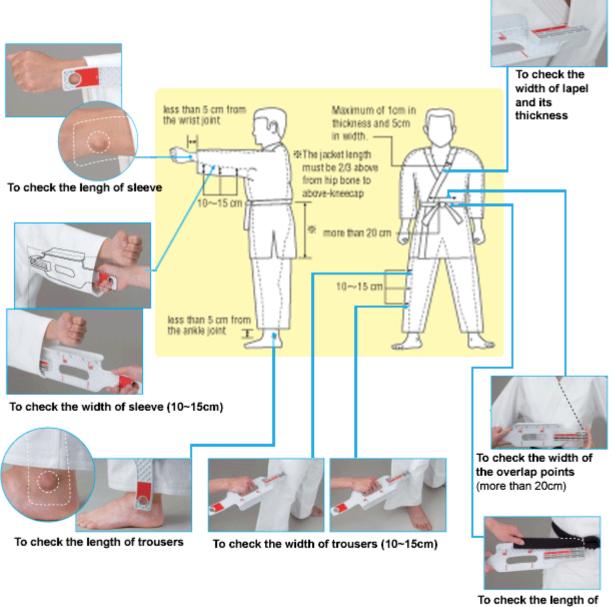
17 DTJ 03/11

The LJF Official suppliers are allowed to place the





SOKUTEIKI for the Judogi control



the belt (20~30cm)





Validation of judogi control procedure during the IJF competitions



International Judo Federation

Validation of judogi control procedure during the IJF competitions

Judogi control is the responsibility of the IJF Sport Commission.

The Commission must inform, par email, Project and Development Director (JL Rouge) and Sport

Director (H. Uemura) in charge of all the cases of breaching the rules:

Procedure during the IJF competitions:

1/ During the nations control (accreditations):

- -Make the coach or his representative sign a document attesting that:
 - o Judogi and belts are of the IJF approved brand.
 - Judogi are covered by the event back number and the marking (emblems, publicity...)
 complying with the IJF current sport rules.
 - Judogi and belts were controlled for each athlete by the Sokuteiki and they comply with its criteria.
 - The manufacturer's logo on the belt and the judogi complies with the IJF current sport rules.
 - The trousers' and the jacket's color must be identical. It must be of a Panton color complying with the IJF current sport rules.
 - The athlete was informed that if the back number publicity is torn down, it is necessary to replace it on penalty of disqualification.

2/ In the standby area:

For each competition mat, the control will be realized by 2 referees of national level provided by the organizer.

During each contest, they must:

- -Verify, using the optical reader, the validity of the judogi (trousers and jacket) and the belt brand.
- -Verify, using the Sokuteiki, regulatory measures for the jacket, the trousers and the belt.
- -Verify the presence of the event back number.
- -Control the carrying of prohibited object.
- -Verify the length of hand and foot nails and the personal hygiene of the athlete.



$International\ Judo\ Federation$



Information for IJF

Approved Judogi

Application to January 1st, 2011





Validation procedure for Judogi and belt

- 1. The manufacturer sends its request to the IJF General Treasurer.
- 2. Before starting the validation procedure, the IJF General Treasurer verifies solvency of the manufacturer.
- 3. In case if the manufacturer is not solvent, a letter will be sent to him by the IJF General Treasurer indicating the reasons of refusal.

 In case if the manufacturer is solvent, the IJF General Treasurer informs the President, the General Secretary, the Project Director and responsible Sports Director about it, and sends to the manufacturer documents necessary for the homologation procedure.
- 4. The manufacturer sends the original application form (including the number of IJF TAG Label they wish to purchase and the choice of the laboratory) to the IJF General Treasurer.
 - The IJF General Treasurer informs the chosen testing laboratory about it.
- 5. The chosen testing laboratory sends the invoice for the testing fee to the manufacturer. As soon as the manufacturer receives the invoice, he makes the payment by bank transfer to the laboratory.
- 6. Having made the payment, the manufacturer sends the samples and a copy of the application form to the laboratory as requested in the validation documents. The shipping expenses are at the charge of the manufacturer.
- 7. The laboratory carries out the tests at manufacturer's charge and keeps the samples.
- 8. Test results are sent to the IJF General Treasurer, with copy to the Project Director and the IJF Sports Director responsible for this project.
- 9. With consent of the Project Director and responsible Sports Director, the IJF General Treasurer informs the manufacturer about the results. If the Judogi model passes the test, it can obtain 'IJF Approval'.
 - The IJF General Treasurer sends the 'IJF Approved Certificate' and conditions to obtain the official IJF TAG Label (amount, IJF bank account information, etc) to the manufacturer who must return this document to the IJF General Treasurer.
 - As soon as the IJF General Treasurer receives this document, he sends to the manufacturer the invoice for the ordered TAG (1\$ per stamp) and for the IJF official supplier fee.
 - Having received the payment, the IJF General Treasurer sends the stamps and the document confirming the official supplier status.
- 10. If the Judogi or belt model is not in conformity to the regulation, the manufacturer will be advised to improve it. The testing fee is not refundable under any circumstances. The manufacturer must pay another testing fee when retrying the test.





LIST OF IJF APPROVED LABORATORIES for Judogi and Belt Tests

1. CRITT Sport Loisirs

Contact : M. Antoine BEAUFILS

Adresse: ZA du Sanital, 21 rue Albert Einstein

86100 Châtellerault

France

Téléphone: + 33 5 49 85 73 43

Fax: +33 5 49 21 76 20

Email: recherche@critt-sl.com

2. JAPAN TEXTILE PRODUCTS QUALITY AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER

Contact: Mme. Yoko OYA

Address: 7-19 Tomizawa-cho, Nihonbashi

Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-0006 Japan Téléphone : +81-3-3666-5384 Phone: +81-3-3666-5390

Fax: +81-3-3666-5394

Email: tk-g8@qtec.or.jp; shimizu@qtec.or.jp

Please send your Judogi samples, belt and the copy of your application form to one of those laboratories which you have chosen in the application form.

You must send the following Judogi samples (4 items) per each model:

- 1. One White Judogi (Size: 180cm)
- 2. One Blue Judogi (Size: 180cm)
- 3. One White Sashiko Fabric* (Length: 150cm)
- 4. One Blue Sashiko Fabric (Length: 150cm)

For Belt, you must send 2 items. (Length: 2,5m-3m)

Any material or Judogi and Belt samples for the Judogi or Belt test is not returnable.

^{*} Please make any inquiry preferably by email.

^{*}Sashiko fabric is the fabric used for the upper part of Judogi jacket.



Application Form for IJF Approved Judogi and Belt

Company Name	
Model Name (Model Number)	1. 2. 3.
Name of the President or Director	
Name of the contact person	
Company Address	
Telephone number	
Fax number	
Email	
Choice of Testing Laboratory (Testing Fee per Model)	 French: 845€ judogi /330€: belt Japanese (150,000 JPY fixed for Judogi & 35,000 JPY fixed for belt) (185,000 JPY) * Please circle either one of the two laboratories above. Number of models
Date of Application	
Number of Logo Labels for purchase	

NOTE:

* Testing fee is per one model.

You must make the payment promptly after you receive the invoice.

- * The applicant must cover all charges such as testing fee, shipping fee and bank charges.
- * We will send the IJF logo labels only when your Judogi or Belt model is approved by IJF, after validation of the tests by the laborary and when the necessary payment is received by the laboratory.

* IJF supplier fee: 50 000 \$

- * The minimum number of labels you can order is 3,000.
- * The price is 1\$ per logo label.

 You need one label for jacket, one label for trousers and one label for belt.
- * The bank account information for the payment will be provided to you with the invoice.

Date: Signature:

Quotation for Judogi Inspection (One Model)

CRITT Sport Loisirs ZA du Sanital, 21 rue Albert Einstein 86100 Châtellerault France Phone: + 33 5 49 85 38 30 Fax: +33 5 49 21 76 20

New JUDOGI rules (November 2009)

Test items	Remarks	
Percentage of Textile composition	Jacket & Trousers: Dissolution test and / or	
Composition of Sashiko weave	Microscopy test	
	Drawing composition of Sashiko fabric	
Number of yarn (Jacket only)	Sashiko yarn x 1	
	Base yarn x 2	
Weight of Sashiko fabric per m²		
(After washed and dried)		
Degree of Density	Number of warps & wefts of Sashiko fabric	
(After washed & dried)		
Composition of collar assembly		
Thickness (hardness) of Collar		
(After washed & dried)		
Pulling strength (Jacket only)	Less than 2,2 kN (Pulling vertically Sashiko	
	fabric). 10 % tolerance admitted	
Testing Charge (To Check appearance & conformity to the rule)	Per one model	
Report (Determination of Approval)		
(Blue Judogi)		
Color Fastness of Washing		
Color Check (Visual Test)	Jacket & Trousers	
	Washing	
Grand Total for JUDOGI	845 € (discounted and fixed)	

New JUDOGI rules (November 2009) on belt

Test items	Remarks
Percentage of Textile composition	1 to 4 different fabrics
cotton yarn count 20/1 or lower	To be exactly defined later
Dimension analysis	-
Grand Total for BELT	330 € (discounted and fixed) without cotton
	yarn count 20/1





Japan Textile Products Quality and Technology Center

Package Fee for Judogi Test/ Inspection per One Model and one Belt 19th October 2009

Japan Textile Products Quality and Technology Center (QTEC) Address: 7-19, Nihonbashi Tomizawa-cho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, 103-0006 Japan

> Contact: Yoko OYA Fax: 81-3-3665-5383 e-mail: shimizu@qtec.or.jp

Test/Inspection in accordance with Guidance For IJF Approved Judogi

I CSU	Test / Investigation Item	Remarks
1	Fiber Content	Jacket and Trousers, Belt
2	Fabric Weave	Upper part of Jacket, Belt
3	Fabric Yarn Count	Sashiko yarns and base yarns
4	Fabric Weight	Upper part of Jacket, after wash/dry
5	Fabric Density	Sashiko fabric and base fabric, number of yarns per inch
6	Collar Hardness Test	Bending method, after wash/dry, within 4.0 cm
7	Thickness of reinforced part	3 places for Jacket, 1 place for Trousers, Belt
8	Breaking Strength of upper jacket	Breaking Strength in vertical direction when in use and
	JIS L 1096, 8.1.2 Breaking Strength,	Breaking Strength of Belt: More than 2200 N
	ravelled strip, sample width: 5 cm	(additional rule to the JIF guidance). 10 % tolerance
	constant rate of extension: 200 mm/min.	admitted.
9	Inspection of sewing and fabrication	Detailed inspection in accordance with IJF Guidance
		including Belt
10	Examination of Belt composition	Photo of cross-section and side view
		Used materials attached in the report
11	Extra Test for Blue Judogi only	Visual Check by using Pantone Scale after wash/dry
	Blue Color Measurement	18-4051TCX(TPX) – 18-4039TCX(TPX), or
		285M – 286M
	Issue of Test and Investigation Report	Including total judgment of Pass or Fail to the
		requirements by IJF guidance (Report written in English)
	and Inspection Fee	JPY 150,000
	judogi per one model	
	e for Test and Inspection Fee	JPY 35,000
for o	one Belt	
Tota	l Package Fee for Judogi and belt	Japanese Yen 185,000

For detailed check points, please refer to IJF Judogi Test and Inspection Check Sheet.



IJF Judogi (including Belt)Test and Inspection Check Sheet (19th October 2009)

Judogi Model:	Judogi Supplier:
Name of Checker:	_Date of Check:
•	ys with reference to "Guidance for IJF Approved Judogi". additional rules supporting the Guidance.

			Pass F	ail
	1	Fiber: Cotton ≥ 70 %, Chemical fibers allowed up to 30 %, Good hand-feel		
	2	Upper jacket fabric strength in vertical direction when in use: ≥ 2200 N.		
A. Fabric/Material		10 % tolerance admitted.		
for JACKET		This is additional rule to the IJF Guidance		
		(JIS L 1096, 8.1.2 Breaking Strength, raveled strip, sample width: 5 cm)		
	3	Upper jacket fabric (Sashiko part) weight: 700–1000 g/m ² (after wash/dry)		
	4	Color: White: natural cotton, Blue: judgment by Pantone scale after wash/dry [18-4051TCX(TPX) – 18-4039TCX(TPX), or 285M – 286M]		
	5	Upper: double SashikoWeave, Lower: Plain, or Twill with diamond pattern		
	6	Float number of Sashiko: 4 to 5 / inch (after wash/dry)		
	7	Warp/weft Yarn Count and Density for Sashiko fabric (after wash/dry)		
B. Fabric/Material	1	Fiber: Cotton ≥ 70 %, Chemical fibers allowed up to 30 %, Good hand-feel		
for TROUSERS	2	Color: White: natural cotton, Blue: judgment by Pantone scale after wash/dry [18-4051TCX(TPX) – 18-4039TCX(TPX), or 285M – 286M]		
	1	Reverse use of the fabric is not allowed.		
	2	Sashiko lines (warp line) must be horizontal when wearing jacket.		
C. Sewing/	3	Upper Sashiko fabric part must be 50-55 % of total length of the jacket		
Fabrication for JACKET	4	Stitches allowed only for back joint, both sleeves, and both body sides in upper Sashiko part. (except joint of upper and lower jacket)		
	5	Collar: Twill weave, width: 4 – 5 cm with 5-row stitch (4-row for zigzag) Inside material of collar must not be exposed outside.		
	6	Collar thickness: No more than 1cm (Except back joint part, if applicable)		
	7	Collar weave: Twill, Construction according to Guidance c) (1) A, B, C, D		
	8	Collar Hardness Test: within 4.0 cm (after wash/dry, weight 10 kg)		
	9	Collar must be easily folded vertically into two at chest-pad inserted place.		
	10	Sleeve cuff width: within 3 cm		
	11	Lower side of sleeves must be seamed by rolled seam.		
	12	Reinforcement tape (except side slit): within 3cm wide, cotton thin fabric,		
		plain or twill, up to 3-row stitch		
	13	Jacket back joint width: within 3 cm (if applicable) Reinforcement not allowed		
	14	Shoulder pad: same Sashiko fabric, up to 5–row stitch, within 1/3 back-body		
	15	Chest pad: same Sashiko fabric, one half-oval shaped, up to 5–row stitch, The length must be about 1/4 of back body hip-joint length.		
	16	Overlap of shoulder pad and chest pad: within 5cm	 	
	17	Armpit pad : Oval, 5 to 8-row stitch, same Sashiko fabric, plain, or twill		
	18	Reinforcement tape for both side slit: cotton plain or twill to cover slit edge		
	4.0	Side slit length is 1/2 to 2/3 of the lower jacket. One back slit not allowed.	-	
	19	A reinforcement fabric for above slit-ends allowed: within 100 cm ²		



IJF Judogi (including Belt) Test and Inspection Check Sheet (19th October 2009)

	1	Reverse use of the fabric is not allowed.	
	2	Knee pad allowed: same fabric, on backside, below lower part of crotch	
D. Sewing/	3	Waist string needed: same fabric, rubber band not allowed, 1 or 2 string loops	
Fabrication	4	Reinforcement fabric for both side slit allowed: same fabric on the backside	
for TROUSERS	5	Gusset must be stitched onto the crotch part.	
	6	Trouser cuff: within 3 cm wide, reinforcement tape allowed	
	7	Reinforcement tape for cuff: within 3cm wide, cotton thin fabric, plain or	
		twill, up to 3-row stitch	

	1	Outer-face fabric must be 100 % cotton. Belt must be sturdy and not be easily	
		loosen or broken.	
E. Belt	2	Main core must be non-woven fabric. (rubbers or elastics not allowed)	
	3	Reinforcement fabric must be cotton plain or twill using yarn count 20/1 or	
		finer.	
	4	Sub-core (optional), if used, must be the same material as reinforcement.	
	5	Belt width must be 4 cm to 4.5 cm	
	6	Stitch: 8 to 13 rows of straight stitches.	
	7	The thickness of Belt must be in the range of 4 mm to 5 mm.	
	8	Belt should have flexibility (softness). When pushing belt by hand from the	
		both ends toward knot, the belt knot must not be loosening.	

Anyone who is involved in IJF Judogi can use this check sheet for self-checking. Official testing/inspection organizations also use this check sheet as a part of their test/inspection report.



EXAMPLE

Report No.: 09TK-10000

Japan Textile Products Quality and Technology Center

TEST REPORT (Example) Date of Issue: 7th July 2009

APPLICATION

Name of Judogi Supplier	XXX Co., Ltd
Judogi Model (product No.)	XXX
Belt Model (product No.)	XXXX
Application No.	XXXXXX
Test Items	Test and Inspection by "Guidance for JIF Approved Judogi"
Sample Received Date	20 th June 2009
Sample Received by	Yoko OYA (Signature:)
Test and Inspection Date	6 th July 2009

TEST RESULTS

Judogi Model No. xxxxxxx	Pass or Fail
A. Fabric/Material for JACKET	Pass
B. Fabric/Material for TROUSERS	Pass
C. Sewing / Fabrication for JACKET	Fail
D. Sewing / Fabrication for TROUSERS	Pass
E. Belt (Model No. xxxx)	Pass
Final Judgment	FAIL

COMMENT AND RECOMENDATION

Failed Check Point: C-6, Collar Thickness is measured 13 mm, which must be 10 mm or less.

Yoko OYA, Testing Manager of Tobu Office Japan Textile Products Quality and Technology Center



EXAMPLE

Report No.: 09TK-10000

☐ Japan Textile Products Quality and Technology Center

* See Detailed Check Sheet attached next 2 pages

DETAILED CHECK RESULTS

Pass Fail

A. Fabric/Material JACKET A. I Upper jacket fabric (Sashiko part) weight: 700–1000 g/m² (after wash/dry) A. Color: White: natural cotton, Blue: judgment by Pantone scale after wash/dry [18-4051TCX(TPX) – 18-4039TCX(TPX), or 285M – 286M] Dipper; double Sashiko Weave, Lower: Plain, or Twill with diamond pattern Warp/weff Yam Count and Density for Sashiko fabric (after wash/dry) B. Fabric/Material TROUSERS A. I Fiber: Cotton≥70 %, Chemical fibers allowed up to 30 %, Good hand-feel C. Sewing/ Fabrication JACKET A. Reverse use of the fabric is not allowed. J Sashiko lines (warp line) must be horizontal when wearing jacket. J Sashiko lines (warp line) must be horizontal when wearing jacket. J Sitches allowed only for back joint, both sleeves, and both body sides in upper Sashiko patric (except joint of upper and lower jacket) Collar: Twill weave, width: 4 – 5 cm with 5-row stitch (4-row for zigzag) Inside material of collar must not be exposed outside. Collar thickness: No more than I cm (Except back joint part, if applicable) Collar wave: Twill, Construction according to Guidance e) (1) A, B, C, D Collar wave: Twill, Construction according to Guidance e) (1) A, B, C, D Collar wave: Twill, Construction according to Guidance e) (1) A, B, C, D Collar wave: Twill, Construction according to Guidance e) (1) A, B, C, D Collar wave: Twill, Up to 3-row stitch J Jacket back joint width: within 3 cm Lower side of sleeves must be seamed by rolled seam. Collar must be easily folded vertically into two at chest-pad inserted place. Collar must be easily folded vertically into two at chest-pad inserted place. Collar must be easily folded vertically into two at chest-pad inserted place. Collar must be easily folded vertically into two at chest-pad inserted place. Collar must be easily folded vertically into two at chest-pad inserted place. Col			1 ass ran		
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Fabric/Material JACKET This is additional rule to the UF Guidance (IJS L 1096, 8.1.2 Breaking Strength, raveled strip, sample width: 5 cm)	Fabric/Material	2	Upper jacket fabric strength in vertical direction when in use: \geq 2200 N.	~	
JACKET Jacket J					
3 Upper jaschiko fabric (Sashiko part) weight: 700–1000 g/m² (after wash/dry) ✓					
4 Color: White: natural cotton, Blue: judgment by Pantone scale after wash/dry [18-4051TCX(TPX) - 18-4039TCX(TPX), or 285M - 286M] 5 Upper: double SashikoWeave, Lower: Plain, or Twill with diamond pattern 6 Float number of Sashiko: 4 to 5 / inch (after wash/dry) 7 Warp/weft Yarn Count and Density for Sashiko fabric (after wash/dry) 8 Fabric/Material TROUSERS 1 Fiber: Cotton ≥ 70 %, Chemical fibers allowed up to 30 %, Good hand-feel wash/dry [18-4051TCX(TPX) - 18-4039TCX(TPX), or 285M - 286M] 1 Reverse use of the fabric is not allowed. 2 Sashiko lines (warp line) must be horizontal when wearing jacket. 3 Upper Sashiko fabric part must be 50−55 % of total length of the jacket wupper Sashiko part. (except joint of upper and lower jacket) 5 Collar: Twill weave, width: 4 − 5 cm with 5-row stitch (4-row for zigzag) Inside material of collar must not be exposed outside. 6 Collar thickness: No more than 1cm (Except back joint part, if applicable) 7 Collar weave: Twill, Construction according to Guidance c) (1) A, B, C, D 8 Collar Hardness Test: within 4.0 cm (after wash/dry, weight 10 kg) 9 Collar must be easily folded vertically into two at chest-pad inserted place. 10 Sleeve cuff width: within 3 cm 11 Lower side of sleeves must be seamed by rolled seam. 12 Reinforcement tape (except side slit): within 3cm wide, cotton thin fabric, plain or twill, up to 3-row stitch 13 Jacket back joint width: within 3 cm (if applicable) Reinforcement not allowed 14 Shoulder pad: same Sashiko fabric, up to 5-row stitch, within 1/3 back-body 15 Chest pad: same Sashiko fabric, one half-oval shaped, up to 5-row stitch, The length must be about 1/4 of back body hip-joint length. 16 Overlap of shoulder pad and chest pad: within 5cm 17 Armpit pad: Oval, 5 to 8-row stitch, same Sashiko fabric, plain, or twill 18 Reinforcement tape for both side slit: cotton plain or twill to cover slit edge Side slit length is 1/2 to 2/3 of the lower jacket. One back slit not allowed.	JACKET				
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Towarp/weft Yarn Count and Density for Sashiko fabric (after wash/dry)		5	Upper: double SashikoWeave, Lower: Plain, or Twill with diamond pattern	/	
TROUSERS 1 Fiber : Cotton≥70 %, Chemical fibers allowed up to 30 %, Good hand-feel wash/dry [18-4051TCX(TPX) – 18-4039TCX(TPX), or 285M – 286M] 1 Reverse use of the fabric is not allowed. 2 Sashiko lines (warp line) must be horizontal when wearing jacket. 3 Upper Sashiko fabric part must be 50−55 % of total length of the jacket 4 Stitches allowed only for back joint, both sleeves, and both body sides in upper Sashiko part. (except joint of upper and lower jacket) 5 Collar : Twill weave, width: 4 − 5 cm with 5-row stitch (4-row for zigzag) Inside material of collar must not be exposed outside. 6 Collar thickness: No more than 1cm (Except back joint part, if applicable) ✓ 8 Collar weave: Twill, Construction according to Guidance c) (1) A, B, C, D ✓ 8 Collar must be easily folded vertically into two at chest-pad inserted place. ✓ 10 Sleeve cuff width: within 3 cm ✓ ✓ 11 Lower side of sleeves must be seamed by rolled seam. ✓ ✓ 12 Reinforcement tape (except side slit) : within 3cm ✓ 2 Reinforcement tape (except side slit) : within 3cm ✓ 13 Jacket back joint width: within 3 cm (if applicable) Reinforcement not allowed 14 Shoulder pad : same Sashiko fabric, up to 5-row stitch, within 1/3 back-body ✓ 15 Chest pad: same Sashiko fabric, up to 5-row stitch, within 1/3 back-body ✓ 16 Overlap of shoulder pad and chest pad: within 5cm ✓ ✓ Armpit pad : Oval, 5 to 8-row stitch, same Sashiko fabric, plain, or twill ✓ ✓ Armpit pad : Oval, 5 to 8-row stitch, same Sashiko fabric, plain, or twill ✓ V		6	Float number of Sashiko: 4 to 5 / inch (after wash/dry)	~	
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C. Sewing/ Fabrication JACKET 2 Sashiko lines (warp line) must be horizontal when wearing jacket. 3 Upper Sashiko fabric part must be 50-55 % of total length of the jacket 4 Stitches allowed only for back joint, both sleeves, and both body sides in upper Sashiko part. (except joint of upper and lower jacket) 5 Collar: Twill weave, width: 4 - 5 cm with 5-row stitch (4-row for zigzag) Inside material of collar must not be exposed outside. 6 Collar thickness: No more than 1cm (Except back joint part, if applicable) 7 Collar weave: Twill, Construction according to Guidance c) (1) A, B, C, D 8 Collar Hardness Test: within 4.0 cm (after wash/dry, weight 10 kg) 9 Collar must be easily folded vertically into two at chest-pad inserted place. 10 Sleeve cuff width: within 3 cm 11 Lower side of sleeves must be seamed by rolled seam. 12 Reinforcement tape (except side slit): within 3cm wide, cotton thin fabric, plain or twill, up to 3-row stitch 13 Jacket back joint width: within 3 cm (if applicable) Reinforcement not allowed 14 Shoulder pad: same Sashiko fabric, up to 5-row stitch, within 1/3 back-body 15 Chest pad: same Sashiko fabric, one half-oval shaped, up to 5-row stitch, The length must be about 1/4 of back body hip-joint length. 16 Overlap of shoulder pad and chest pad: within 5cm 17 Armpit pad: Oval, 5 to 8-row stitch, same Sashiko fabric, plain, or twill 18 Reinforcement tape for both side slit: cotton plain or twill to cover slit edge Side slit length is 1/2 to 2/3 of the lower jacket. One back slit not allowed.	TROUSERS	2	wash/dry [18-4051TCX(TPX) – 18-4039TCX(TPX), or 285M – 286M]	'	
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JACKET 4 Stitches allowed only for back joint, both sleeves, and both body sides in upper Sashiko part. (except joint of upper and lower jacket) 5 Collar: Twill weave, width: 4 – 5 cm with 5-row stitch (4-row for zigzag) Inside material of collar must not be exposed outside. 6 Collar thickness: No more than 1cm (Except back joint part, if applicable) 7 Collar weave: Twill, Construction according to Guidance c) (1) A, B, C, D 8 Collar Hardness Test: within 4.0 cm (after wash/dry, weight 10 kg) 9 Collar must be easily folded vertically into two at chest-pad inserted place. 10 Sleeve cuff width: within 3 cm 11 Lower side of sleeves must be seamed by rolled seam. 12 Reinforcement tape (except side slit): within 3cm wide, cotton thin fabric, plain or twill, up to 3-row stitch 13 Jacket back joint width: within 3 cm (if applicable) Reinforcement not allowed 14 Shoulder pad: same Sashiko fabric, up to 5-row stitch, within 1/3 back-body 15 Chest pad: same Sashiko fabric, one half-oval shaped, up to 5-row stitch, The length must be about 1/4 of back body hip-joint length. 16 Overlap of shoulder pad and chest pad: within 5cm 17 Armpit pad: Oval, 5 to 8-row stitch, same Sashiko fabric, plain, or twill 18 Reinforcement tape for both side slit: cotton plain or twill to cover slit edge Side slit length is 1/2 to 2/3 of the lower jacket. One back slit not allowed.		3	Upper Sashiko fabric part must be 50-55 % of total length of the jacket	/	
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10 4 16 1116 1 11 1 11 100 2		18	Reinforcement tape for both side slit: cotton plain or twill to cover slit edge	~	
		19		/	



EXAMPLE

Report No.: 09TK-10000

Japan Textile Products Quality and Technology Center

Pass Fail

D. Sewing/ Fabrication TROUSERS	1	Reverse use of the fabric is not allowed.	'	
	2	Knee pad allowed: same fabric, on backside, below lower part of crotch	1	
	3	Waist string needed: same fabric, rubber band not allowed, 1 or 2 string loops	/	
	4	Reinforcement fabric for both side slit allowed: same fabric on the backside	~	
	5	Gusset must be stitched onto the crotch part.	~	
	6	Trouser cuff: within 3 cm wide, reinforcement tape allowed	~	
	7	Reinforcement tape for cuff: within 3cm wide, cotton thin fabric, plain or twill, up to 3-row stitch	~	

	1	Outer-face fabric must be 100 % cotton. Belt must be sturdy and not be easily loosen or broken. But the belt must have adequate flexibility and softness	~	
E. Belt	2	Main core must be non-woven fabric. (rubbers or elastics not allowed)	~	
	3	Reinforcement fabric must be cotton plain or twill using yarn count 20/1 or finer.	>	
	4	Sub-core (optional), if used, must be the same material as reinforcement.	~	
	5	Belt width must be 4 cm to 5 cm	'	
	6	Stitch: 8 to 13 rows of straight stitches.	~	
	7	When pushing belt by hand from the both ends toward knot, the belt knot must not be loosening.	>	

INTERNATIONAL JUDO FEDERATION

